سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحي: ٠

عنـــوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

	بات انگلیسی۱۲۲۵۰۰۴ ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	ی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۴۵ – ، زبان وادب ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	رشته ن حصیلی / گد درس: مترجم <u>.</u> 		
1-Complete the following sentences by choosing the best answer. It was very to give her the news of her son's death.					
1. painful	^{2.} comfortable	3. mysterious	^{4.} joyful		
2-When the guest left, the	e house was in great				
1. _{shape}	^{2.} disorder	^{3.} decoration	4. disgrace		
3-'-able' is a suffix that give	ves the meaning of	to the word.			
1. having to do with		2. action or process of			
3. having, full of		^{4.} capable of			
4-When the aesthetic experience of observing a piece of art has ended, we often feeland refreshed.					
1. unhappy	^{2.} uplifted	^{3.} depressed	^{4.} secure		
5-Some of Mahatma Gandhi'sideas were never appreciated by the people.					
1. _{Civil}	2. massive	3. democratic	^{4.} similar		
6-A universal language ca	n increase cultural and eco	nomic among var	ious countries.		
1. differences	2. expectations	3. occurrences	4. ties		
7-If parents could not be called good parents.	their different opinion	ns about disciplining the ch	ildren, they may not		
1. work out	2. fill out	3. get out	^{4.} wipe out		
8-Kate had a (n) day	v. Her manger wanted her t	o type many pages in a ve	ry short time.		
1 . enjoying	2. stressful	3. fantastic	^{4.} exciting		
9-Our teacher is very good atthe students for teamwork.					
1. saving	^{2.} understanding	3. punishing	^{4.} organizing		
10-The strength of an earthquake ison the scale of numbers called Richter scale.					
 arranged 	^{2.} measured	^{3.} shaken	^{4.} taken		
11-If a couple has a religious marriage ceremony, it is by a member of the clergy, such as a minister, priest, or rabbi.					
1. circulated	^{2.} eliminated	^{3.} educated	^{4.} conducted		
12-Geyser is a spring that hot water with explosive force.					
1. brings	2. goes off	^{3.} erupts	4. develops		

گلادانشگاه پیام نور مرکز آزسون و سنجش

سرى سوال: يک ١

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحي: ٠

عنـــوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

	ىسى ۱۲۲۵۰۰۴	گلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۴۵ – ، زبان وادبیات انگلیس	رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انا
13-Careless driving endang	gers the of pa	assengers and even passers	by.
1. safety	^{2.} personality	3. humanity	^{4.} quality
14-Through the history, hu	ımans have been suf	ffering from the of f	resh water.
1. abundance	^{2.} shortage	3. amount	^{4.} existence
15-The cells are so	that no one can se	e them without a microscop	oe.
1. tiny	^{2.} powerful	3. strange	4. confusing
16-In the course of history	, the Anglo- Saxons	the names of their god	s for the roman names.
1. ordered	2. suspended	3. nominated	^{4.} substituted
17-Teachers must help stu	dents develop their	own and ability to	think critically.
1. principle	^{2.} theory	3. education	^{4.} initiative
18-Dr. Eliot's speech on the applauses.	e theory of human e	volution was so tha	t arose audience's
1. impressive	2. impression	3. impressively	4. impressed
19-Some sculptures may b experiences.	e in the m	useums if they produce a k	ind of aesthetic
1. charged	^{2.} performed	3. exhibited	4. misplaced
20-They could finish their j	journey without any	······································	
1. weakness	2. mishap	3. misplacement	^{4.} deprivation
21-Early men used exclama	_		e first words wereof
1. imitations	2. warnings	3. inventions	4. complications
22-People who used drugs	such as cocaine and	d amphetamines became	and talkative.
1. abusing	^{2.} comfortable	3. invasive	4. restless
23-The financial authoritie	s may want to checl	k the records of the compan	y's foreign
1. component	^{2.} interference	3. transaction	4. congregation
24-The contracting compa	ny built	car parks in many crowded	cities.
1. multidimensional		2. multi-storey	
3. outdated		4. metropolitan	

سرى سوال: يک ١

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحي: ٠

عنوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

	بسی۱۲۲۵۰۰۴	انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۴۵ – ، زبان وادبیات انگل	ِ شته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان
25-Health statistics show	that nowadays many	womentheir hus	bands.
1 . inhabit	^{2.} misname	3. forgive	^{4.} outlive
	prehistoric religions ar torms and earthquakes	ose out of fear andal	bout natural events such
1. practice	^{2.} joy	^{3.} wonder	^{4.} patience
27-Communication is the of thoughts, feelings,		ets people relation	ships through the sharing
1. form	^{2.} neglect	3. count	^{4.} restrict
28-News services have	who report ne	ws from around the world.	
 technicians 	^{2.} journalists	3. legends	4. neurologists
29-Charlie Chaplin becam	ne one of the most fam	ous in motion-picture	e history.
1. managers	^{2.} composers	3. writers	^{4.} stars
30- Human' for m	oving on the ground w	as the first adaptation of the	e original structural body.
1. legacy	^{2.} nature	3. stance	4. locomotion
31-A weak and underdev down machine" ready		adand the entire bo	dy acts like a "broken-
1. posture	^{2.} joint	3. nerve	^{4.} system
32-Early Iranian architect colored mosaic and til		and domes of the mosques	and palaces with highly
1. processed	^{2.} decorated	^{3.} carved	^{4.} complicated
_	me of the biggest polit om the presidency in 1	icalin United State	es history that resulted in
 discrimination 	2. suspect	^{3.} exploitation	^{4.} scandal
-	•	tation in Arctic region threa	•
1. expand	^{2.} improve	3. disrupt	^{4.} conflict
35-Cancer is a disease in life.	which cellsw	ithout control, destroy healt	hy tissue, and endanger
1. die	^{2.} multiply	^{3.} leak	^{4.} strike

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گلادانشگاه پیام نور مرکز آزسون و سنجش

سرى سوال: يك ١

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحي: ٠

عنـــوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

رشته تحصيلي/كد درس: مترجمي زبان انگليسي ١٢١٢٠٤٥ - ، زبان وادبيات انگليسي ١٢٢٥٠٠٤

36-Palestine's location between Egypt and Southwest Asia has made it a center of conflict for thousands of years. Many people have <u>invaded</u> the region to get their own benefit. The word invaded should mean......

1. buy

2. visit

- 3. attack
- 4. rule

37-The man's for murder will be held in front of the victim's family.

- 1. struggle
- 2. sentence
- 3. demand
- 4. trial

38-The postman insisted on the package to the right person.

- 1. remarking
- 2. delivering
- 3. preparing
- 4. borrowing

39-You need to have a..... to enter the ship.

- 1. permit
- 2. cargo

3. deal

4. money

گاه دانشگاه پیام نور مرکز آزمون و سنجش

سرى سوال: يك ١

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۰۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى : ٥٠ تشريحي: ٠

عنوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۴۵ - ، زبان وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۲۵۰۰۴

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passages and answer the questions by choosing the best choice.

Nuremberg Trials

Nuremberg Trials were a series of thirteen trials held in Nuremberg, Germany, from 1945 to 1949. The city of Nuremberg was selected as the location for the trials because its Palace of Justice was relatively undamaged by the war and included a large prison area. Additionally, Nuremberg had been the site of annual Nazi propaganda rallies; holding the postwar trials there marked the symbolic end of Hitler's government, the Third Reich. In these trials, leaders of Nazi Germany and high-ranking military officers were accused of crimes against international law. Some of the defendants were charged with causing World War II deliberately, and with waging aggressive wars of conquest. Nearly all were charged with murder, enslavement, looting, and the atrocities against soldiers and civilians of occupied countries. Some were also charged with responsibility for the persecution of Jews and other racial and national groups. Among the defendants were also German industrialists, lawyers and doctors, who were indicted on such charges as crimes against peace and crimes against humanity. Nazi leader Adolf Hitler (1889-1945) committed suicide and was never brought to trial. The Nuremberg trials were a new development in international law and they are now regarded as a milestone toward the establishment of a permanent international court, and an important precedent for dealing with later instances of genocide and other crimes against humanity. Trials of war criminals have been carried on in one form or another for hundreds of years. But at Nuremberg, for the first time, the leaders of government were brought to trial on the charge of starting an aggressive war.

Comprehension check: complete the following statements with the alternative which best fits each blank space.

40-According to the passage Nuremberg trials

- 1. lasted for thirteen years
- 2. lasted for four years
- 3. continued till all the criminals were arrested
- 4. ended until the main Nazi leader is captured

41-We understand from the passage that Nuremberg trials

- 1. were held after the 2nd world war
- 2. did not follow international law

3. found Nazi leaders innocent

4. took place outside of Germany

گاد دانشداه پیام نور مرکز آزمون و سنجش

سرى سوال: يك ١

زمان آزمون (دقيقه): تستى: ١٠٠ تشريحي: ٠

تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحي: ٠

انسوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۴۵ - ، زبان وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۲۵۰۰۴

42-The word "atrocities" in the 6th line may mean.....

1. waging wars of conquest

2. occupying weaker countries

3. cruel acts like murder

4. criminals who kill soldiers

43-Nuremberg trials are famous because they.....

- 1. were held for the first time in the world history.
- 2. charged a group of government leaders of starting an aggressive war.
- 3. started international law against criminals.
- 4. were against local government.

44-The city of Nuremberg is chosen as the place for the trials because

- 1. many Jews were held in the city jails.
- 2. it was the Germany industrial city that manufactured weapons against civilians.
- 3. the city Palace of Justice was not destroyed during the war.
- 4. It was the only intact place in Europe to hold the trials.

45-The pronoun 'they' in line below refers to......

"The Nuremberg trials were a new development in international law and <u>they</u> are now regarded as a milestone toward the establishment of a permanent international court, and an important precedent for dealing with later instances of genocide and other crimes against humanity."

1. international laws

2. Nazi crimes

3. Nuremberg trials

4. German industrialists, lawyers and doctors

46-It is implied from the passage that the Nazi leaders

- 1. have no difficulty in tolerating other races to stay in Germany.
- 2. wanted to expand their countries to the other borders.
- 3. intended to enslave other nationalities and used them as a cheap or free laborers.
- 4. were only cruel and aggressive against the European Jews.

گاه دانشگاه پیام نور مرکز آزمون و سنجش

سرى سوال: يك ١

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تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٥٠ تشريحي: ٠

ئنـــوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۴۵ - ، زبان وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۲۵۰۰۴

Reading 2: The Invention of Printing

The invention of printing as we know today became a great milestone in the history of education. About 1440, a German metalworker named Johannes Gutenberg invented movable type in Europe. He also devised a special press to print from his movable type. He invented a mechanical way of making books. This was the first example of mass book production printed books and was economically viable for printers and readers alike. Before the invention of printing, multiple copies of a manuscript had to be made by hand, a laborious task that could take many years. Almost immediately, large numbers of low – cost books and pamphlets became available. As a result thousands of people wanted to learn to read and write. In addition, the great quantity and variety of printed matter enabled people not only to learn without an instructor but also to acquire the knowledge needed to become teachers themselves in many fields. Moreover, printing spread knowledge faster than ever before. People could thus quickly learn about new theories, experiments, and discoveries. In Renaissance Europe, the arrival of mechanical movable type printing introduced the era of mass communication which permanently altered the structure of society. The relatively unrestricted circulation of information went beyond borders and threatened the power of political and religious authorities. The sharp increase in literacy broke the monopoly of the literate elite on education and learning and helped the emergence of middle class.

Comprehension check: complete the following statements with the alternative which best fits each blank space.

47-The availability of	books enabled ped	ople to become	teachers themselves.
------------------------	-------------------	----------------	----------------------

- **1.** inexpensive
- ^{2.} theoretical
- ^{3.} hand-made
- 4. costly

48-It is implied that the movable typing machine

- 1. enable political and religious authorities to keep it for their own propaganda.
- 2. virtually put an end to manuscript preparation by human hand writing.
- 3. make the process of acquiring knowledge easier for elite group.
- 4. introduced the age of mass communication which change the societal structure of the whole world.

49-The advent of movable printing machine during Renaissance.....

- 1. caused constant change of the structures of American society.
- 2. paved the way for increase in education and literacy rate among high class families.
- 3. caused knowledge and sciences to be spread across the world.
- ^{4.} made all the countries of the world equally powerful and wealthy.

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نـــوان درس: خواندن ودرک مفاهیم ۱

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۴۵ - ، زبان وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۲۵۰۰۴

50-We can conclude that one of the major effects of the invention of the movable printing machine........

- 1. was that hand-written manuscripts became cheaper than printed version.
- 2. was to save time and energy for making books in a greater quantity.
- 3. was that the spread of knowledge and science was almost limited to Renaissance Europe.
- 4. was to increase the rate of literacy and higher education among elite classes.