تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحى: . سرى سوال: يك ١ زمان آزمون (دقيقه): تستى: ١٢٠ تشريحي: ٠ عنـــوان درس: زبان تخصصي ٣ رشته تحصيلي/كد درس: الهيات ومعارف اسلامي گرايش فلسفه وكلام اسلامي ١٢٢٠۴۶٢ - The famous Avicennian thesis is the "existence" being an "accident" of "quiddity". "accident" means? زیرنهاد ۴۰ تصادف ١٠ عرض ۲. 2-Avicenna simply inherited the dichotomy of "quiddity" and "existence" from And continued it. 2. Sabzawari 1. Mulla sadra 4. Farabi 3. Plato - This point is most important for a correct understanding that Avicennian position, because it has often been claimed that Avicenna's metaphysics is fundamentally "essentialistic". "essentialistic" means? اصالت وجودی ۲۰ مبتنی بر عرض ۳۰ اصالت ماهیتی ۱۰ عمل گرابانه ۴۰ 4-In the case of a "logical secondary intelligible" both occurrence and qualification take place in the....? 2. external world 1. Mind 3. Actual world 4. extra- mental world 5-"Being-a-universal" (universality) is a good example for which concept? 2. Logical secondary intelligible 1. Primary intelligible 3. Philosophical secondary intelligible 4. Primary secondary intelligible 6-Tusi defended against all these criticisms in the most logical and philosophical way. 2. Avicenna 3. Algazali 4. Suhrawardi 1. Averroes 7-In suhrawardi's philosophy, the highest degree being the light of all lights and the lowest being? 2. Soul 3. God 4. Darkness 1. Body -^The other is a mental and shadowy mode of existence. "Shadowy" means? خارجی، ۲۰ انضمامي ۳۰ -9 "self-manifesting in itself and bringing others into manifestation"? حقیقتش یک معماست اما مفهومش بدیهی ظاهر بنفسه و مظهر لغیره ۱۰

داده های بی واسطه وجدان ۳۰

وحدت استعلابي حقيقت وجود

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحى: . سری سوال: ۱ یک زمان آزمون (دقيقه): تستى: ١٢٠ تشريحي: ٠ **ــوان درس:** زبان تخصصی ۳ رشته تحصيلي/كد درس: الهيات ومعارف اسلامي گرايش فلسفه وكلام اسلامي ١٢٢٠۴۶٢ 10-"this (object) is a stone", in reference to its.....? 2. existence 1. Quiddity 3. accident 4. non-existence -\ \ Being-existence, i.e. actualization, belongs to existence by essence. "by essence" means? به ندرت ۳. بالعرض ٢٠ 12-"in the earlier days I used to be a passionate defender of the thesis that the "quiddities are asil, until my lord gave me guidance". "I" refer to? 3. Suhraywardi 4. Mir Damad 1. Mulla sadra 2. Avicenna 13-Which position is called the principality of existence? 1. Both existence and quiddity are asil 2. Both existence and quiddity are itibari 3. Only quiddity is asil, existence being itibari 4. Only existence is asil, quiddity being itibari 14-(in sabzawari's view) in the world of reality, it is existence that precedes quiddity, and it is quiddity that to existence? 2. Occurs 3. Separate 1. Distinction 4. Different 15-Sabzawari says: "all other concepts are ultimately reducible to it". "it" refer to? 2. Reality of quiddity 1. Concept of quiddity 4. Reality of existent 3. Concept of existence 16-"existence in concreto" means? 1. Mental existence 2. External existence 3. Shadowy mode of existence 4. Non-existence 17-Sabzawari says? 1. Existence is the principle of the multiplicity 2. Quiddity is the principle of unity

3. The quiddity of man is different from the quiddity of horse

18-What are two modes of existence, in sabzawari view?

1. Real- external

4. The existence of man is different from the existence of horse

2. Real- khariji

سرى سوال: يک ١

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۲۰ تشریحی: ۰

	می،۱۲۲۰۴۶۲	ب اسلامي گرايش فلسفه وکلام اسلا	عسسوان درس: زبان تحصصی ۱ ر شته تحصیلی/کد درس: الهیات ومعارف
	ce being asil, the quiddities		
conceivable in the w			
1. Unity	^{2.} Multiplicity	^{3.} Accident	^{4.} Species
20-Averroes attacked A	vicenna in the name of an a	uthentic?	
1. Platonism	^{2.} Aristotelianism	^{3.} Positivism	^{4.} Al- Gazalian
	ger the philosophical though vely preoccupied with the		nroughout its entire
1. Existent	2. Existence	3. Ontology	^{4.} Quiddity
22-Existence cannot pos all explication?	sibly be explicated except	, because it is it	self the first principle of
1. Logically	^{2.} Primarily	^{3.} Actually	^{4.} Lexically
23-Existence, according	to sabzawari, at the level of	notion is?	
 Primary intelligible 	e	^{2.} A priori	
^{3.} Quiddity		^{4.} A postriori	
24-The distinction betw	een "quiddity" and "existen	ce" is in Avicenna a	distinction?
1. Actual	^{2.} Natural	^{3.} Conceptual	^{4.} Individual
25-If, therefore, one of	the two (quiddity or existen	ce) is asil, the other will	be itibari?
 Necessarily 	2. Possible	^{3.} Never	^{4.} Suddenly
 Aristotle establish Aristotle accepted 	etle's philosophy, is correct? ned metaphysics as the science of the platonic realism of Idea	ce of the existence. s.	
-	ge of his Najat, Aristotle criti led metaphysics as the sciend		uiddity from existence.
27-A thing which in itsel can be and can not-b	If is indifferent to both "exis	tence" and "non-exister	ce" in the sense that it
1. A possible existence		2. A necessary existent	
^{3.} God		^{4.} Absolute existence	e
28-Mulla sadra says: "th	neis furnished by exi	stence"?	
1. Divergence	^{2.} Duality	^{3.} Identity	^{4.} Different

گاد دانشگاه پیام نور مرکز آزسون و سنجش

سرى سوال: يك ١ زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۲۰ تشریحی: ۰ تعداد سوالات: تستى: ٣٠ تشريحي: ٠ **ـوان درس:** زبان تخصصی ۳ رشته تحصيلي/كد درس: الهيات ومعارف اسلامي گرايش فلسفه وكلام اسلامي ١٢٢٠۴۶٢ 29-Mulla sadra: "all other things (i. e. quiddities) are existent by; but existence is existent by? 1. Existence - quiddity 2. Existence - itself 3. God - quiddity 4. Itself - existence 30-In mulla sadra, "being- existent", i. e. "actualization", belongs to "quiddities" by, which it belongs to "existence" by essence? 3. Necessarily 1. Itself 4. Accident 2. Essence