حضرت على (ع): دانش راهبر نيكويي براي ايمان است

گاه دانشگاه پیام نور مرکز آزمون وسنجش

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحي: . سرى سوال: يك ١ زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۲۰ تشریحی: ۰ **ـوان درس:** زبان تخصصی ۱ رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: حسابداری ۱۲۱۴۰۲۰ - ، حسابداری (چندبخشی ۱۲۱۴۱۰۷ -1-Liquidity means having enough on hand to pay debts when they are due. 3. funds 1. loss 2. debt 4. income 2-Which of the following choices is "non-exchange" transaction? 2. purchase 1. payment 3. investment 4. losses from fire 3-Accounting is a link between business activities and makers. 2. service 3. develop 4. decision 1. record 4-Which of the following activities includes repaying creditors? 2. operating 1. financing 3. investing 4. meaning 5-Which of the following choices must have at least one partner's unlimited liability? 2. corporation 1. partnership 4. sole proprietorship 3. governance 6-The accounting information system is the subsystem. **1.** more important 2. most important 3. less important 4. least important 7- Which of the following choices is a monetary item? 1. accounts receivable ^{2.} equipment 4. land 3. building 8-When revenues expenses, the difference is called net income. 3. exceed 2. reduce 1. decreed 4. equal 9-One important attribute of CPAs is 2. dependence 3. importance 4. independence 1. changes 10-Which of the following choices does not use a withdrawals account? 1. partnership 2. corporation 3. trail balance 4. sole proprietorship 11-Classification refers to the categorizing of transactions according to a system of 1. examples 2. amounts 3. accounts 4. posts

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تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحي: . سرى سوال: يك ١ زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۲۰ تشریحی: ۰ **ـوان درس:** زبان تخصصی ۱ رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: حسابداری ۱۲۱۴۰۲۰ - ، حسابداری (چندبخشی) ۱۲۱۴۱۰۷ 12-The three issues that underlie almost every major decision in financial accounting are: recognition,....., and classification. 3. specification 4. generalization 1. organization ^{2.} valuation 13-Journal is a chronological record of all transactions and is also called book of original 2. patent 3. entry 4. chart 1. account 14-Valuation is perhaps the most controversial <u>issue</u> in accounting. 'Issue' means............... 2. paper 3. matter 1. time 4. mistake 15-Another term for claims is equities. 'Term' means 2. world 3. verb 1. course 4. word 16-Which of the following statements shows the changes in the owner's capital account? 1. owner's equity statement ^{2.} income statement 3. balance sheet 4. cash flows 17-Nominal accounts start each accounting period with balances. 2. zero 1. real 3. debit 4. unusual 18-The promise to pay is recorded in either accounts receivable or...... 1. cash 4. notes receivable 3. net income 19-The first method of accounting is the recognition of revenues when earned and expenses when incurred. 3. allowance 1. accrual 2. cash basis 4. accumulated 20-Which of the following accounts is permanent account? 1. expense 2. revenue 3. withdrawal 4. owner's capital 21-....revenues are revenues for which a service has been performed or goods delivered but for which no entry has been recorded. 3. Accrued 4. Contra 1. Depreciation 2. Matching

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دانشگاه پیام نور	
پ ارد مرکز آزمون وسنجش	7

سری سوال: یک ۱	زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۱۲۰ تشریحی : ۰		داد سوالات: تستى: 30٪ تشريحى: .			
			نسوان درس: زبان تخصصی ۱			
	17191.7(، ۱۲۱۴۰۲۰ – ، حسابداری (چندبخشی	ِ شته تحصیلی /گد درس: حسابداری 			
22-Contributed capital reflects the investment in a corporation.						
1. bankers'	^{2.} managers'	3. accountants'	4. stockholders'			
23-Liabilities are divided int	o two categories:	liabilities and long-ter	m liabilities.			
1. intangible	^{2.} current	^{3.} other	4. fixed			
24-The single-step form of i	ncome statement has the	advantage of				
1. datelines	2. simplicity	^{3.} hardness	^{4.} liquidities			
25-Which of the following accounts is considered 'current asset'?						
1. capital		2. trademark				
3. office supplies		4. mortgage payable				
26-Managers and employees who <u>conduct</u> the activities of the business need information. 'Conduct' means						
1. reject	^{2.} object	^{3.} delete	^{4.} do			
27-A trial balance is used to check that the debit and credit balances in the ledger are						
1. _{zero}	^{2.} equal	3. gross	^{4.} net loss			
28-Honesty, candidness and the subordination of personal gain to service and the public trust means integrity 'integrity' means						
ر به الحرادي . 1. درستكاري	2. گمراهی	ناويژه .3	4. تق _{لب}			
29-Past <u>depreciation</u> is recorded in the Accumulated Depreciation accounts. 'depreciation' means						
اوراق قرضه .1	استهلاک .2	3. کاهش	معوق .4			
30-The accountant solves this problem by applying the <u>matching rule</u> . 'matching rule' means						
اصل تط _{ابق} .1	برداشت مالک 2۰	تاريخ سررسيد 3.	اصل بهای تمام شده .4			
31-The general ledger is used to update each account. 'general ledger' means						
دفتر روزنامه خصوصی 1.		دفتر روزنامه عمومی 2.				

مجله حسابداری 3.

دفتر کل 4.

حضرت على (ع): دانش راهبر نيكويي براي ايمان است

یک ۱	:	ال	سوا	سری
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زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۱۲۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحي: .

عنــوان درس: زبان تخصصي ١

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: حسابداری ۱۲۱۴۰۲۰ -، حسابداری (چندبخشی ۱۲۱۴۱۰۷

32-The annual report of com	panies may refer	to cash and cash	equivalents.	'annual' means

- عمومي .1
- تعدیلی 2.
- اللانه 3.

4. ماهانه

33-Every system must define what it measures, and accounting is no exception. 'measures' means

- **1.** کند ... اندازه گیری می کند ...
- مطابقت می دهد 3.
- تغییر می دهد .4

34-The accountant must exercise due care in all activities. 'due care' means

حسابرسی پایان سال

ثبات رویه 2.

مراقبت حين انجام كار 3.

بدهى احتمالي .4

35-All accounting systems, no matter how sophisticated, are based on the principle of duality. 'principle' means

- تغييرات .1
- جريان 2.

- 3. سنجش
- اصل 4.