

حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است



سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقيقه) : تستى : 28٪ تشريحي : 0

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

**عنـــوان درس:** آزمون سازی زبان انگلیسی

ر شته تحصیلی/کد در س: آموزش زبان انگلیسی،مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۹۲ - ،زبان وادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۴۵ www.PnuNews.net

### 1-Which of the following statements needs to be CORRECTED?

- **1.** Completion items are difficult and slow to prepare and require great effort in grading.
- <sup>2.</sup> Subjective judgment is involved in almost any aspect of test construction.
- 3. The most frequently employed form of measuring oral ability is to have the examiner interview each subject separately.
- <sup>4.</sup> True-false items are easy to prepare although good false statements are very difficult to write.

### 2-Which of the following statements is TRUE?

- 1. Good true-false statements should express a single idea, not multiple ones.
- <sup>2.</sup> Answers to earlier items should provide a clue to testees to respond to succeeding items.
- <sup>3.</sup> By increasing the number of distractors in a multiple-choice item, the quality of the item improves.
- <sup>4.</sup> A relatively good test encourages rote learning and neglects understanding just to a limited extent.

## 3-A person who writes test items should have a number of characteristics. Which of the following is <u>FALSE</u> as one of them?

- **1.** He should be experienced in test construction.
- <sup>2.</sup> He should be a good teacher as well as a test writer.
- <sup>3.</sup> He should be quite knowledgeable in the content area of the test.
- <sup>4.</sup> He should be ready to sacrifice time and energy to produce good items.

## 4-A person who writes test items should have a number of characteristics. Which of the following is FALSE as one of them?

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#### 5-Which of the following should be AVOIDED in writing test items?

- 1. Writing more items for each point than you really need.
- <sup>2.</sup> Restating the concepts, ideas, or skills in performance terms.
- <sup>3.</sup> Giving the testees a choice of tasks to fulfill.
- <sup>4.</sup> Making the items and directions explicit.

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| <b>سری سوال:</b> یک ۱  | دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵٪ تشریحی: ۰                                      | زمان آزمون (۵                 | <b>یداد سوالات : تستی : ۳۰ تشریحی : ۰</b>        |
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| 6-There are a number them?                                     | of purposes for pretesting. \                                    | Which of the following        | ; is LEAST likely to be one of                   |
| 1. Grouping testees  | according to their scores.                                       | <sup>2.</sup> Identifying poo | r or defective items.                            |
| <sup>3.</sup> Discovering weal                                 | knesses in the directions.                                       | <sup>4.</sup> Determining the | e appropriate time limits.                       |
| •  | e-choice items has been admi<br>ber 45 correctly. What is the    |                               | -  |
| <b>1.</b> .30  | 245  | 350                           | <sup>4.</sup> .70                                |
| from the high group<br>discrimination inde                     |  | roup failed to answer         | it correctly. What is the                        |
| 1. <u>1</u>  | 233  | 334                           | 450  |
| 9-Below you have the<br>from the test?                         | IF and ID of four items A, B,                                    | C, and D. Which of the        | em needs to be removed                           |
| 1. IF:.45/ ID: .35   | <sup>2.</sup> IF: .75/ ID: .60                                   | <sup>3.</sup> IF:.50/ ID: .50 | <sup>4.</sup> IF:.80/ ID:.15                     |
| <sup>10-</sup> Which of the follow                             | ing statements is FALSE rega                                     | rding test construction       | n?   |
| 1. The construction  | of a test includes four stages                                   | : planning, writing, rev      | viewing, and pretesting.                         |
| 2. Planning involves   | s considerations of the genera                                   | al nature, purpose, and       | d general design of the test.                    |
| <ol> <li>The purpose of a discrimination.</li> </ol>           | test determines the characte                                     | eristics of the test item     | in terms of facility and                         |
| <ol> <li>Pretesting refers<br/>intended.</li> </ol>            | to trying out the test with the                                  | e same group of testee        | s for whom the test is                           |
|  | tion, what is the approximat<br>below the mean and two sta       |                               |  |
| 1. about 35%   | <sup>2.</sup> about 50%  | <sup>3.</sup> about 72%       | <sup>4.</sup> about 82%                          |
| 12-A tast bas been adm   | ninistered to a group of 300 st<br>of 100. Fifteen students have |                               | nge from<br>hat is the percentage of this        |
|  |  |                               |  |
| 45 to 85 on a scale o  | 2. 10  | 3. <sub>15</sub>              | 4. 20  |
| 45 to 85 on a scale of<br>score?<br>15<br>13-Two hundred stude |  | . The cumulative frequ        | -  |

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|  | is 50 and its standard de                                 | viation is 15. Ali has got a                          | score of 65. What is his z   |
| 1. <sub>50</sub>   | 2. <sub>+1</sub>  | <sup>3.</sup> +.50                                    | 4. <sub>-1</sub>   |
| 15-Which of the follo  | wing statements is FALSE                                  | about the correlation coe                             | efficient?   |
|  | elation coefficient is strong                             |   |  |
| <sup>2.</sup> A low correlation                              |   |   | measures, excessive difficulty of  |
| <sup>3.</sup> Depending on t                                 | he nature of the data, a c                                | orrelation may be comput                              | ed in various ways.  |
| <ol> <li>A useful way of<br/>measures</li> </ol>             | interpreting a correlation                                | coefficient is to determine                           | e the variance between the two   |
|  | d for the situation where t<br>to the actual administrati |   | wers to it may be obtained by  |
| 1. test coaching   |   | <sup>2.</sup> ceiling effect                          |  |
| <sup>3.</sup> test compromis                                 | e.  | <sup>4.</sup> practice effect                         | t  |
|  | wing is concerned with th<br>interpretability of the res  | e feasibility of the test in<br>ults?                 | terms of economy,  |
| 1. reliability   | <sup>2.</sup> validity                                    | <sup>3.</sup> practicality                            | <sup>4.</sup> efficiency   |
| 18-Which type of vali  | dity is the most importan                                 | t in the case of an achieve                           | ement test?  |
| 1. concurrent vali   |   | <sup>2.</sup> content validi                          |  |
| <sup>3.</sup> face validity                                  |   | <sup>4.</sup> predictive vali                         | dity   |
| <sup>19-</sup> A reliability of .60<br>reliability for the v |   | gh the split-half method. \                           | What is the corrected  |
| <b>1.</b> .65  | <sup>2.</sup> .70   | <sup>3.</sup> .75                                     | <sup>4.</sup> .80  |
| 20-Which of the follo  | wing is LEAST acceptable                                  | as a guideline for testing                            | structure?   |
| 1. Each item shou  | ld test at most two points                                |   |  |
| <sup>2.</sup> 15. Each point s                               | hould be used in a suitable                               | e context.  |  |
| <sup>3.</sup> The stem shoul                                 | d provide sufficient conte                                | xt.   |  |
|  | ld have only one clearly h                                | est answer.   |  |
| <sup>4.</sup> Each item shou                                 | in have only one cleany b                                 |   |  |
| <sup>4.</sup> Each item shou                                 | in have only one cleany b                                 |   |  |
| <sup>4.</sup> Each item shou                                 | in have only one clearly b                                |   |  |



حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است



سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقيقه) : تستى : 75 ٪ تشريحي : 0

تعداد سوالات: تستى : 30 تشريحي: 0

**عنـــوان درس:** آزمون سازی زبان انگلیسی

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## 21-Which of the following is UNACCEPTABLE as a guideline for testing vocabulary?

- **1.** The context should be clear enough to provide the testees with a clear meaning.
- <sup>2.</sup> Care must be exercised to have just a limited number of items on grammatical structures.
- <sup>3.</sup> The choices should be easier than the word being tested in paraphrase type.
- 4. The distractors and the word being tested should be of the same difficulty level in completion type.

#### 22-Which of the following is FALSE regarding testing of pronunciation?

- 1. The ability to distinguish between sounds in itself implies an ability to understand verbal messages.
- <sup>2.</sup> An approximation of the native-speaker's pronunciation often serves as a criterion of accuracy for non-native speakers.
- <sup>3.</sup> The pictures in pronunciation test should be familiar to the subjects taking the test.
- <sup>4</sup>. It is ideal to be able to speak a language with native-like competence.

#### 23-Which of the following statements is FALSE regarding testing listening comprehension?

- 1. The use of recording allows presenting perfect models of spoken language.
- <sup>2.</sup> The great advantage of using recordings is the uniformity in what is presented to testees.
- <sup>3.</sup> A dictation task is more appropriate for advanced subjects.
- <sup>4.</sup> The noise test may function as a reasonable measure of listening proficiency for beginners.

# 24-What is the main drawback of question and statement types of items in testing listening comprehension?

- 1. Auditory comprehension is measured through the reading skill.
- <sup>2.</sup> Such item types do not match any real-life activity.
- <sup>3.</sup> They do not present valid measures of general comprehension.
- <sup>4.</sup> A narrow range of sentence types may be tapped.

## 25-Which of the following guidelines are you LEAST likely to follow in conducting and scoring interviews?

- **1.** It is essential that the interviewers decide on the general content of the conversation in advance.
- <sup>2.</sup> At least two raters should be involved to obtain dependable results.
- 3. The decision to use a holistic or discrete scoring system should be based on the personality of the testee.
- <sup>4.</sup> Each interview should be recorded so that it can be scored later.

صفحه ۴ از ۵



حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است



سری سوال: یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقيقه) : تستى : 28٪ تشريحي: ٠

تعداد سوالات : تستی : ۳۰ تشریحی : ۰

**عنـــوان درس:** آزمون سازی زبان انگلیسی

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### 26-Which of the following statements is FALSE regarding testing reading comprehension?

- 1. There is a comprehensive theory of reading comprehension which is followed by almost all experts.
- <sup>2.</sup> Traditional reading tests are the most widely-used measures of reading ability.
- <sup>3.</sup> Reading comprehension tests attempt to measure the testee's ability to get meaning from the printed material.
- 4. A short-context reading test consists of very brief texts with comprehension items testing comprehension of overall meaning.
- 27-Cloze procedure has been used for different purposes. Which of the following is FALSE as one of these uses?
  - **1.** To determine readability of a test.
- <sup>2.</sup> To test overall language ability.
- <sup>3.</sup> To determine communicative competence.
- <sup>4.</sup> To test reading comprehension.

#### 28-A friend has asked to provide him with some guidelines for preparing and scoring writing tests. Based on your knowledge of testing writing, which of the following do you suggest?

- 1. The tasks in writing tests should represent the same types of style and content.
- <sup>2.</sup> The testees should be expected guess when they are unable to find the correct answer.
- <sup>3.</sup> Long compositions are more likely to reveal the abilities of testees.
- 4. Each test item should be so worded that all examiners get the same conception of what is expected, as does the examiner.

## 29-Which of the following is based on the belief that language is a system of separate categories such as phonemes, morphemes, words, phrases, and sentences?

- 1. discrete-point approach 2. integrative approach
- <sup>3.</sup> functional approach <sup>4.</sup> pragmatic approach

### 30-Which of the following statements is FALSE?

- 1. A discrete point item implies that only one element from one component of language is being assessed in one skill.
- <sup>2.</sup> Discrete point items are easy to administer and score.
- Discrete point tests provide adequate information on the testee's ability to function well in real situations.
- The criticism against discrete point tests relate to the inadequacies of its linguistic and psychological theories.

صفحه ۵ از ۵