

حضرت علی(ع): دانش راهبر نیکویی برای ایمان است



سری سوال : یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۷۵٪ تشریحی : ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: ادبیات انگلیسی ۲،در آمدی برادبیات انگلیسی ۲

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1-Why are the lines of the "Hunting Song" short and repetitious?

- **1.** To fit the movements of the dancer.
- ^{2.} To make the poem a shaped poem.
- ^{3.} Because the story is telling the same thing in different ways.
- ^{4.} They are easier for the matters of rhyme and rhythm.

2-Epitaphs

- 1. were long and complicated
- ^{2.} taught a moral lesson
- ^{3.} were newspaper headlines
- ^{4.} were written in the parks

3-Alfred Lord Tennyson's "The Eagle"

- **1.** is an objective account of nature.
- ^{2.} subjective account of daily problems.
- ^{3.} is a poem in which the poet uses a moral truth.
- ^{4.} presents an eagle that is about to die.

4-The Success of "My Last Duchess" is in

- 1. the greatness of Robert Browning
- ^{2.} how great the dowry is
- ^{3.} the implication that the reader gets from what is said
- ^{4.} what the Duke says

5-In "Ode to a Nightingale" the poet wants to fly but not on "Bacchus" rather on

1. the viewless wings of poesy

^{2.} Bacchus's pards

^{3.} the wind which blows west

4. the west wind like a seed



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6-In "Ode to a Nightingale" the poet presents the readers with

- 1. a real world that is filled with success
- ^{2.} a dream world while they would never lose the sight of the real world.
- ^{3.} a dream world and they never see the sight of the real world.
- ^{4.} a real world full of imaginative ideals for the human beings.

7-According to Wilfred Owen in "Anthem for the Doomed Youth"

- **1.** Love is the only thing that one can experience with pleasure.
- ^{2.} Love is the only meaningful thing in a cruel world.
- ^{3.} Love isn't the only thing as there are many other things to experience.
- ^{4.} Death is preferable than such a life people are leading.

8-"Ozymandias" is's poem.

- 1. Emily Dickenson ^{2.} Robert Southey
- ^{3.} Percy Bisshe Shelley ^{4.} Robert Browning

9-Mark the <u>TRUE</u> statement.

- **1.** The voice, personal or impersonal, is identical with the poet.
- ^{2.} All the poems of a poet necessarily express the same mood and perceptions.
- ^{3.} Identifying who the speaker is has nothing to do with the poem itself.
- ^{4.} Even though the word "I" is used in the poem, the poet may not be the speaker.

10-Richard Wilbur's "Two Voices in a Meadow" is based on a poem by William Blake entitled

1. "The Soul and the Body"

2. "The Clod and the Pebble"

^{3.} T"he Mirror and the Lamp"

4. "The Cloud and the Sky"



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11-The information about the speaker

- 1. is overtly expressed by the poem
- ^{2.} is overtly expressed by the poet in advance
- 3. must be inferred from the poem
- ^{4.} must be both stated and inferred from the poem.

12-The opening lines of T.S. Eliot's Geronation [which means "Little Old Man"] imply.....

Here I am, an old man in a dry month, Being read to by a boy, waiting for rain. I was neither at the hot gates Nor fought in the warm rain

- **1.** A firm sense of the speaker's status and condition.
- ^{2.} The setting of the poem.
- ^{3.} A flashback to the glorious past of mankind.
- ^{4.} Predicting the horrors of the world without love.

13-In Theodore Roethke's "Root Cellar" and Robert Bly's "Poem in Three Parts", *nature* is treated as

1. a destroying agent

2. a vital and life supporting force

^{3.} a melancholic presence

^{4.} an overwhelming force

14-"One short sleep past, we wake eternally, And death shall be no more; thou shalt die."

Mark the <u>WRONG</u> statement about the above lines

- 1. "short sleep" means the life in this world.
- ^{2.} eternally means forever.
- ^{3.} death is not available in the world which is to come.
- ^{4.} "thou shalt die" is addressed to people who are about to die.

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| In the following two | o lines from "At the San Fra | ncisco Airport" the word <u>t</u> | terminal has |
| "This is the terminal Gives perfect vision, | - | | |
| 1. allusion | ^{2.} ambiguity | ^{3.} metonymy | ^{4.} irony |
| | e closely related to each otl the figure of speach is calle | - | al term the one closely |
| 1. allusion | ^{2.} ambiguity | ^{3.} metonymy | ^{4.} metaphor |
| In the poem "Slim C | unning Hands", the words | stone, granite and flowers | 5 |
| | | | |
| | r the building of a house. | | |
| | death and finality of a fathe | ؛r. | |
| ^{3.} connote fragility | and shortness of life. | | |
| | | | |
| | the life of the human being | s in the next world. | |
| ^{4.} are of no use for | | | ath redded"? |
| ^{4.} are of no use for | the life of the human being | | a th redded"? ^{4.} connotation |
| 4. are of no use for What figure of speed 1. metaphor | the life of the human being ch is used in "Her cheeks lil | ke apples which the sun h ^{3.} conceit | ^{4.} connotation |
| 4. are of no use for What figure of speed 1. metaphor | the life of the human being ch is used in "Her cheeks lil ^{2.} simile extracted from william Bla g bright, | ke apples which the sun h ^{3.} conceit | ^{4.} connotation |
| 4. are of no use for What figure of speed 1. metaphor The following lines, Tyger Tyger, burning | the life of the human being ch is used in "Her cheeks lil ^{2.} simile extracted from william Bla g bright, night | ke apples which the sun h ^{3.} conceit | ^{4.} connotation |
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| 4. are of no use for What figure of speed 1. metaphor The following lines, Tyger Tyger, burning In the forests of the In what distant deep | the life of the human being ch is used in "Her cheeks lil ^{2.} simile extracted from william Bla g bright, night | ke apples which the sun h ^{3.} conceit ke's "The Tiger", | 4. connotation |
| 4. are of no use for What figure of speed 1. metaphor The following lines, Tyger Tyger, burning In the forests of the In what distant deep 1. have end rhyme 3. are not rhymed | the life of the human being ch is used in "Her cheeks lil ^{2.} simile extracted from william Bla g bright, night | ke apples which the sun h ^{3.} conceit ke's "The Tiger", ^{2.} have internal rhy ^{4.} have exact rhyme | 4. connotation |
| 4. are of no use for What figure of speed 1. metaphor The following lines, Tyger Tyger, burning In the forests of the In what distant deep 1. have end rhyme 3. are not rhymed | the life of the human being ch is used in "Her cheeks lil ^{2.} simile extracted from william Blai g bright, night ps or skies. | ke apples which the sun h ^{3.} conceit ke's "The Tiger", ^{2.} have internal rhy ^{4.} have exact rhyme | 4. connotation |
| 4. are of no use for What figure of speed 1. metaphor The following lines, Tyger Tyger, burning In the forests of the In what distant deep 1. have end rhyme 3. are not rhymed In the sentence "per 1. Synecdoche | the life of the human being ch is used in "Her cheeks lil ^{2.} simile extracted from william Blat g bright, night ps or skies. | ke apples which the sun h ^{3.} conceit ke's "The Tiger", ^{2.} have internal rhy ^{4.} have exact rhyme ben and sword are ^{3.} Metaphors | 4. connotation |

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| 22-Which of the following | expressions is <u>NOT</u> an e | xample of synesthesia? | |
| 1. Silken tones | ^{2.} blue eyes | ^{3.} sweet song | ^{4.} hot scent |
| 23-The repetition of conso | nant sounds at the begi | nning of adjacent words | s is called |
| 1. alliteration | ^{2.} cocaphony | ^{3.} symphony | ^{4.} end-rhyme |
| 24-The basic English metric syllable is called | • | tis of an unstressed sylla | able followed by a stressed |
| 1. iambic | ^{2.} trochaic | ^{3.} Anapestic | ^{4.} Dactylic |
| 25-A line of verse which co | onsists of five metrical fe | eet is called | |
| 1. Demeter | ^{2.} Tetrameter | ^{3.} Pentameter | ^{4.} Hexameter |
| 26-A kind of writing that for | ollows certain literary ru | lles or conventions is cal | lled |
| 1. narrative | ^{2.} genre | ^{3.} romance | ^{4.} ballad |
| 27-"When a character spear called | aks his thoughts and fee | elings aloud regardless o | f the people around", it is |
| 1. interior monologue | | ^{2.} soliliquy | |
| ^{3.} drammatic poetry | | 4. lyric | |
| 28-The English sonnet bro | ught to perfection by | | |
| 1. Chaucer | ^{2.} Shakespeare | ^{3.} Sidney | ^{4.} Spenser |
| 29-Which of the following | shapes is <u>NOT</u> among th | ne shapes that a poem m | nay fit? |
| 1. contrast | 2. consequence | ^{3.} variation | ^{4.} realignment |
| 30-The author creates a sh | apely text out of | | |
| 1. imagination | | ^{2.} actual experience | ce |
| 3. rarely seen pictures | | ⁴ . strange fits of passion | |
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