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حضرت على(ع): دانش راهبر نيكويي براي ايمان است

تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشريحى: . سرى سوال: يك ١ زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۶۰ تشریحی: ۰ **ــوان درس:** زبان تخصصی ۴ www.PnuNews.com www.PnuNews.net رشته تحصيلي/كد درس: الهيات ومعارف اسلامي گرايش فلسفه وكلام اسلامي ١٢٢٠٢٠٢ 1-What will you put as the subject of inquiry? 2. From 4. Down 3. Forth 1. On 2-According to Socrates all inquiry and all learning is but 2. Advise 3. Admiration 4. Suggestion 1. Recollection 3-We have assisted him in some degree to the of the truth. 3. Command **1.** Invisible 2. Discovery 4. Arrange 4-I want to establish any and permanent structure in the scieces. 2. Request 3. Description 5-Let us reflect that possibly our hands our whole body are such as they appear to be. 2. Either - nor 4. Neither - or 3. Neither - nor 1. Either - or 6-Just as a captive in sleep enjoys imaginary liberty. 2. Whom 4. It **1.** Who 3. Whose 7-Am I so on body and senses that I cannot exist without these? 2. Dependent 3. Dependence 4. Independence 1. Independent 8-He had first to learn through experience that bodies are heavy, and fall when their supports 2. Are withdrawn 3. Withdrawns 4. Withdraw 1. Is withdrawn 9-Mathematics gives us a shining example of how far, independently of experience, we can progress in knowledge. 1. a posteriori 2. Empirical 3. Practical 4. a priori 10-That the line between two points is the shortest, is a synthetic proposition. 2. Straight 3. Capable 4. Reasonable 1. Curved 11-We are required to join in thought a certain predicate to a given concept, and this necessity is inherent in the concepts

3. Themselves

4. Himself

2. Itself

1. Theirs

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سرى سوال: يک ١	تشریحی: ۰	زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۶۰	يعى: ٠	تعداد سوالات: تستى: 30 تشر	
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12-The proper problem of p	ure reason	is contained in the que	estion:		
1. How are a posteriori s		-			
2. How are a posteriori analytic judgements possible?					
3. How are a priori analytic judgements possible?					
4. How are a priori synthetic judgements possible?					
13-Analytic judgements (affi	•		onnection of predicat	te with the subject	
1. Argument	^{2.} Identit	:y ^{3.} Ind	uction	^{1.} Contradiction	
14-The outlook I have sketched might be thought to be radically					
1. Coherence	2. Incohe	erence ^{3.} Col	nerently ²	^{Į.} Incoherent	
15-It is true that familiar objects, occasionally disappear without any adequate					
1. Extract	2. Explan	ation ^{3.} Suk	ostance ²	^{Į.} Essence	
16-'Self justifying' means:					
1. Something which is groundless.					
2. Something which is imaginery.					
3. Something whose credentials as a reason cannot be questioned.					
4. Something whose cred	dentials as	a reason can be questic	oned.		
17-Religious people often th their lives.	ink of thei	r own belief as a result	of God's	in	
1. Intervention	^{2.} Overla	p ^{3.} Suk	ostance ²	^{1.} Meaningless	
18-Practical philosophy is concerned learning one of the following.					
1. _{By}	2. From	^{3.} For		^{Į.} With	
19-The opposite of 'falsehoo	od' is :				
1. Falseness	2. Certitu	ıde ^{3.} Fals	sification ²	^{1.} Deception	
20-Which one is true?					
1. Demonstration is the i	most relible	e form of sense experie	nce.		
2. Syllogism is the most r	elible form	of sense experience.			

3. Demonstration is the most relible form of syllogism.

4. Syllogism is the most relible form of propositions.

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سری سوال : یک ۱	ن (دقیقه) : تستی : ۶۰٪ تشریحی : ۰		تعداد سوالات: تستى : 30 تشريح.			
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	سرسی ۱۰۱۰۱۱	وسدرت استرسی فرایس فیست و فرم ا				
21-Minerals, plants and anim human beings.	nals, the last and highest o	of	are			
1. Who	2. Whom	3. Whose	^{4.} Theirs			
22-The existence of a thing is either necessary or						
1. Contingent	2. Contingence	3. Accident	4. Substance			
23-In his philosophy Suhrawardi speaks of :						
 Acquired knowledge 		2. Peripatetic wisdom				
3. Knowledge by presence	е	^{4.} Mystical knowledge				
24-In the domain of formal lo	ogic Suhrawardi proves	to	be a remarkable			
1. Herself	2. Himself	3. Itself	^{4.} Themselves			
25-Suhrawardi uses the symbolism of light to describe problems.						
1. Epistemological	2. Logical	3. Ontological	4. Ethical			
26-Suhrawardi presents an epistemological foundation for constructing a holistic metaphysics.						
 Alternative 	^{2.} Manifestation	^{3.} Acceptance	^{4.} Unacceptance			
27-At the heart of the whole philosophical exposition of Mulla Sadra stands the gnostic experience of Being as Reality.						
'Gnostic' is:						
1. Noun	2. Verb	^{3.} Adverb	^{4.} Adjective			
28-Mulla Sadra conceives the unity of being in relation to the						
1. Incredible	2. Multiplicity	3. Classic	4. Regular			
29-The unity of the knower a knowing and being.	nd the known	ultimat	ely the unity of			
1. Selects	2. Private	3. Implies	4. Operation			
30-The desire to provide a rational foundation for a form of life is especially in the philosophy of religion.						
1. Disorder	2. Prominent	3. Abnormal	4. Significance			