

سرى سوال: يک

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۹۰ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستى : 30 تشريحي : 0

عنسوان درس: MBA زبان تخصصی، زبان تخصصی (مدیریت اجرایی)، زبان تخصصی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: ۱۲۱۸۴۵۱ -۱۲۲۵۰۱۸ -۱۲۲۵۰۱۸ -۱۲۲۵۰۱۸ -۱۲۱۸۶۷۸

- 1-Personal selling is a form of person-to-person communication in which a seller attempts to prospective buyers to purchase the company's product or service or to act on an idea.
 - 1. assist and/or make pressur on

2. satisfy and/or direct

3. assist and/or persuade

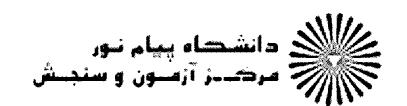
- 4. assist and/or make
- 2-Which kind of benefit aspects in marketing does indicate the performance of the product?
 - 1. experiential
- 2. functional
- 3. psychological
- 4. personal

- 3-What are four ps in the marketing mix?
 - 1. product, price, place and promotion
- 2. product, place, promotion and process
- 3. price, place, promotion and product
- 4. persuade, price, product, place
- 4-Advocates of the IMC concept noted that the process of integrated marketing communications calls for a "....." approach to planning marketing and promotion programs.
 - 1. deep picture
- 2. big picture
- deep thought
- 4. big thought
- 5-Many companies see it as a way to coordinate and manage their marketing communication programs to ensure that they send customers a consistent message about the company and/or its brands. To ensure means: 2. to approach
 - 1. to satisfy
- 3. to go through
- 4. to be confident
- 6-While the debate over the value and relevance of IMC is likely to continue, proponents of the concept far outnumber the critics. Proponents means
 - 1. advocates
- 2. opponents
- 3. co-wokers
- 4. customers
- 7-Building and maintaining brand identity and equity require the creation of well-known brands that have favorable, strong, and unique associations in the mind of the consumer. Brand identity means in Persian:
 - ارزش ویژه برند .1
- جایگاه برند .2
- هویت برند .3
- تداعي برند .4
- 8-Traditionally the promotional mix has included four elements. These are
 - 1- advertising, sales promotion, publicity/public relations, and personal selling
 - 2. advertising, sales promotion, publicity/public relations, and direct marketing
 - 3. advertising, sales promotion, packaging /public relations, and personal selling
 - 4. advertising, packaging, publicity/public relations, and direct marketing



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| | | *\$9-171 \\$Y\-1 YY&+1\-1YY&+19- | رسته تحصیلی / حد درس: ۱۲۱۸۲۵۱ | |
| The state of the s | | s any paid form of no person by an identified sponsor. | | |
| 1. product | | 2. advertising | | |
| 3. direct marketing | | 4. personal selling | | |
| 10-Advertising is also a value to provide consumers means | with information as well a | company or brand equity as to influence their <u>perce</u> | - | |
| ويژگي ها .1 | 2. الكال | ارزش ها .3 | رفتارها .4 | |
| 11-In which kind of pron customers to generate | notional mixes do organiza a response and/or a trans | | tly with target | |
| 1. advertising | 2. sales promotion | 3. direct marketing | 4. personal selling | |
| 12-Interactive media allowing and modify the form means | n and content of the infor | rmation they receive in re | - | |
| 1. to change | 2. to react | 3. to motivate | 4. to achieve | |
| 13-Which of the below se | ntences is <u>correct</u> about F | Publicity as one of promot | ional tools? | |
| 1. It refers to personal | communications regarding | an organization, product, e | tc. | |
| 2. It usually comes in t | he form of a news story, ed | litorial, or announcement al | out an organization. | |
| 3. It is as the same as p | oublic relation. | | | |
| 4. It has not any similar | rity with advertising. | | | |
| 14-What is the first step i | n the IMC planning proc | ess? | | |
| 1. to monitor and control | | 2. to plan strategy | | |
| 3. implement program | | 4. to review the marketing plan and objectives | | |
| 15-" How is the decision | made? Who assumes wha | t role?" these questions a | re proposed in | |
| 1. customer Analysis | | 2. product Analysis | | |
| 3. environmental Analysis | | 4. internal factor | | |
| 16 often sta | ated in terms of sales, ma | rket share, or profitability | y . | |
| 1. Customer objectives | | 2. communication objectives | | |
| 3. firm objectives | | 4. marketing objectives | | |
| | | | | |

کارشناسی ارشد



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17-Which aspect of the advertising program does involve determining the basic appeal?

1. media strategy

2. message strategy

3. communication strategy

4. promotion strategy

18-Which of the following choices is considered as the way to achieve a competitive advantage?

- 1. suitable media strategy
- 2. having the lowest production costs and higher prices
- 3. providing superior customer service
- 4. relationship marketing

1. targeting specific segments

2. identifying markets with unfulfilled needs

3. segmenting the market

4. positioning one's product or service

20-Which kind of factors for segmenting markets does consider the places where the prospective customers reside?

1. Geographic Segmentation

2. Demographic Segmentation

3. Psychographic Segmentation

4. Behavioristic Segmentation

21-"80-20 rule" in industrial marketing refer to

- 1. meaning 80 percent of their buyers account for 20 percent of their visit to supermarkets
- 2. meaning 80 percent of their products account for 20 percent of their sales volume
- 3. meaning 20 percent of their products account for 80 percent of their sales volume
- 4. meaning 20 percent of their buyers account for 80 percent of their sales volume

22-Which marketing strategy does involve marketing in a number of segments and developing separate marketing strategies?

1. differentiated marketing

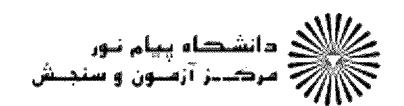
2. undifferentiated marketing

3. concentrated marketing

4. focus marketing

23-Why is repositioning often difficult to accomplish?

- 1. Because of low perceptions about the product or brand
- 2. Because of entrenched attitudes toward the product or brand
- 3. Because it is a ratherly expensive method
- 4. A, b and c



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| 24-The term "and what they experience | | | . | orand means to consumer |
| brand identity | | | 2. brand equity | |
| 3. product symbolism | | | 4. product identity | |
| 25-What is often called as the first impression? | he consum | er's first exposui | re to the product, so |) it must make a favorable |
| 1. brand | 2. packag | ging | 3. label | 4. product design |
| 26-"", marketing program. | sometimes | s called 'resellers | s', are critical to the | e success of a company's |
| 1. producers | 2. supplie | ers | 3. customers | 4. intermediaries |
| 27-Which of the following se | entences is | s correct? | | |
| 1. Strategic planning typic | cally takes | a short-view. | s.com | |
| 2. Tactical planning is mo | ore widely f | ocused and more | long-term. | |
| 3. Planning can help map | the future | Phu | S.com | |
| 4. Planning cannot develo | p a commo | on understanding | | n an organization |
| 28-What is the second step | of strategic | c planning proce | ss? | |
| 1. Specify action plans | | WW. | 2. Develop alternativ | ve goals and strategies |
| 3. Develop a mission state | ement | | 4. SWOT analysis | |
| 29-Channel captains gain pethrough their knowledge | | | | |
| نتبیه کران .1 | اش الن 2. | | انگیزش آآن .3 | ارتباط اشتن 4. |
| 30-"Fishy back" in transpor | rtation sys | tems is a term us | ed for | |
| Containerized shipping | of goods b | oetween trucks an | d ships. | |
| 2. Transfer of containers | between tri | uck and rail. | | |
| 3. Transfer of containers | between tri | uck and air cargo. | | |
| 4. Containerized shipping | of goods b | between rail and si | hips. | |
| | | | | |

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| شىمارد سىوال | پاسخ صحیح | وضعيت كليد | |
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